

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 5, at line 4 with the paragraph shown below. This paragraph was previously amended in the Preliminary Amendment:

B.1  
Preferably, the eccentric drive hub 26 further includes a fan 36 for cooling the motor and for collecting dust. Fan 36 has a disc portion 38 and a plurality of lower fan blades 40 and upper fan blades 42. Rotation of the motor output shaft 24 causes fan 36 to rotate about central axis 14. The fan moves air radially outward from a region adjacent the motor axis to a zone outboard of the fan periphery. The fan additionally causes the air to swirl in a counter-clockwise direction (when viewed from the bottom in Figure 4) within the fan cavity 44 which is formed in the second end 20 of housing assembly 12. Lower fan blades 40 cause air to be drawn through ports 50 formed in sanding platen 30 in order to collect dust formed by the sanding process. Additionally, fan 40 tends to draw air through the annular opening formed between the sanding platen outer periphery and housing 20. However, this flow path is obstructed by annular seal/brake 52 which serves to provide a friction brake limiting the free spinning velocity of the sanding pad when the motor is energized without the sanding platen engaging a work piece.

Please replace the paragraph beginning on page 8, at line 8 with the paragraph shown below:

B.2  
The orbital sander 10 further includes a power supply 60 oriented in the housing first end 12. Power supply 60 has an AC input, i.e., a typical power cord (110 volt or 220 volt depending on the country), a DC rectifier circuit and a DC output supplying power to the motor. A on/off switch 62 is preferably mounted on the power supply board safely within the housing where it is not exposed to dirt and physical abuse. In the preferred embodiment illustrated, a switch actuation bar 64 is provided which extends transversely through the housing and is shiftable along the axis lying in a plane perpendicular to the motor axis 14. The switch actuation bar 64 has opposed ends, at least one of the ends always projects outward of the housing so as to be accessible to the operator. The switch actuation bar is pushed in one direction to turn the motor on and in the opposite direction to turn the motor off. This push/push design is simple for the operator to understand and provides a visual indication of

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